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At the Bastyr Center For Natural Health

What do we mean when we say "depression"?

How do we tell the difference between:

- * clinical depression
- * Seasonal Affective Disorder (SAD) and
- * natural slowdown of our bodies with the season?



- Major Depressive Disorder (clinical depression)
 - In the same 2 weeks, person has had 5 or more of the following nearly every day:
 - depressed mood
 - decreased interest or pleasure
 - eating & weight changes
 - sleep changes
 - Fatigue
 - psychomotor activity (speeding up or slowing down)
 - self-worth (feelings of worthlessness or excessive guilt-may border on delusional)
 - Concentration (difficulty w/ decisions or concentration)
 - death (suicidality, repeated thoughts about death) 1

Depression can be tricky...

- Not all people recognize or accurately describe how they feel
- People from different cultural backgrounds may not have a similar experience
- Symptoms differ greatly-some cry and slow down, some smile and say they're fine.
- Some people really don't feel depressed-they experience mainly a loss of interest or pleasure in usual activities

And the holiday season can be hard...

- Idealized expectations of ourselves versus what we are really able to do
- Asking ourselves: "what is best for me right now?" and "Who am I doing this for?" can help us find compassion for ourselves
 - Stress/sadness related to holidays can be financial, social, spiritual or related to isolation and loneliness.
 - Finding meaning without exhausting ourselves or bankrupting ourselves emotionally, physically, energetically as well as financially.

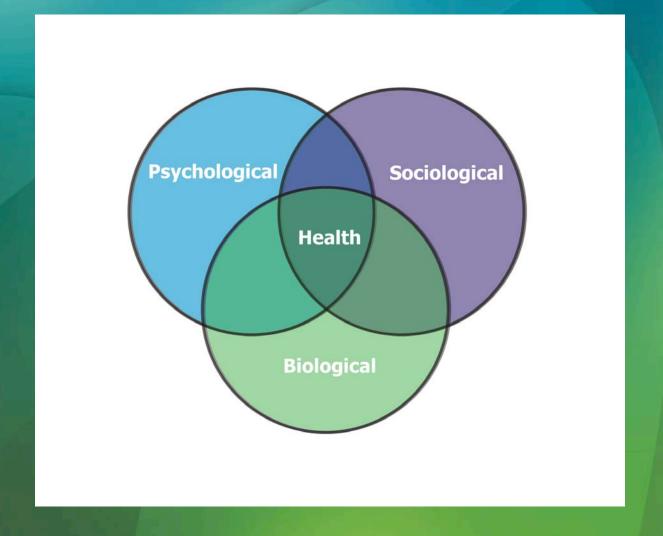
How do we know if it's the winter blues or something more serious?

- Time spent each day feeling sad or depressed
- Other activities impacted by fatigue
- Pleasurable activities no longer bring pleasure
- Symptoms seem linked to season-less sunlight, more hours of darkness-improve with light or sunny weather

How do we know if it's the winter blues or something more serious?

- Symptoms interfering with work, school, family life
- Coping strategies for symptoms become unhelpful
 - Food/alcohol/other substances
 - Distractors: internet, computer, TV
 - Excessive sleeping, stopping previously established exercise routines

The Biopsychosocial Model



* spiritual/ meaning-making component also important

Mind

- Depressed or sad thoughts can cause perseveration, insomnia, and hopelessness: "I won't feel any better tomorrow."
- Regret, or undue energy spent focused on the past, can keep us from our present.
- Sad thoughts or focus on feeling depressed can keep us stuck.

Body

- Make sure you consult with your primary physician-fatigue and depression can be signs or symptoms of underlying health conditions
- Also make sure if you take medications for depression to consult thoroughly before changing or lowering your dosage yourselfmany medications have side effects when you slow down or stop, including...increased depression.
- Avoid depressants such as alcohol

Spirit

- Sadness or depression may be an underlying message of something happening within the mind/body/spirit connection-our spirits have wisdom if we can investigate the messages.
- Existentially, sorrow or sadness can be a sign that we have stepped off of our authentic path or are not attending to parts of ourselves that are true or unvoiced.
- When we 'hear' what depression can have to tell us, often it will resolve.

Remember, the present...

Is all we have.



Cortisol and you...

- Cortisol, the "stress hormone" produced by adrenals
- Normally, cortisol levels are high on waking, peak within 30-45 minutes, falls over the day, peak again in the afternoon, and falls slowly with lowest points in middle of the night.
- "flattened" cortisol cycles associated with chronic fatigue, insomnia, burnout.
- Chronic elevation of cortisol linked with immune suppression, physical illness, and mood disorders, including depression and anxiety.

Psychological Factors

- How do we feel about the range of our own emotions?
- Are we alright with our own sorrow, sadness?
- Are we okay with our increased need for sleep and carbohydrates during winter months?
- Are we over-extending ourselves in an effort to please others?
- Do we have meaning in our work, relationships, connections with something bigger than ourselves?
- Are we connected to our deepest values during the holiday season?

Social Factors

- Social support
- Cultural factors around depression: the happiness trap
- Cultural factors around over-work, and the prizing of not needing sleep/quiet time/work life balance
- Individual cultural factors: Age, race, gender, gender identity, language fluency, SES, sexual identity, ethnic group, disability status, spiritual or religious affiliation2

Spirituality & Meaning-Making Factors

- "How is your spirit?" Leanna Standish, Ph.D., ND, LAc.3
- Isolation associated with poor health outcomes
- Religious faith can be a source of either stability, belonging and purpose

or

Stress, tension, rejection, conflict

Intervention & Treatment: Biological

- Exercise
- Meditation/ t'ai qi/ qi gong
- Sleep hygiene
- Light therapy
- Progressive muscle relaxation
- Supplements such as St. John's Wort, 5HTP
- Massage, acupuncture
- Pharmacotherapy

Intervention & Treatment: Psychological

- Counseling! \$20 per session at BCNH
- Sleep hygiene
- Exercise
- Client-centered, Mindfulness-based therapies (Acceptance and Commitment Therapy, Dialectical Behavioral Therapy)
- Expressive arts: journaling, art, singing, dancing
- Gratitude journal/meditation
- Play therapy or art therapy for children & adolescents
- Setting realistic expectations for oneself
- Self-compassion
- Boundaries with others

Intervention & Treatment: Social

- Exercise with friends or family
- Relationship & social support
- Meaningful work (paid or unpaid)
- Importance of companion animals
- Importance of humor & joy

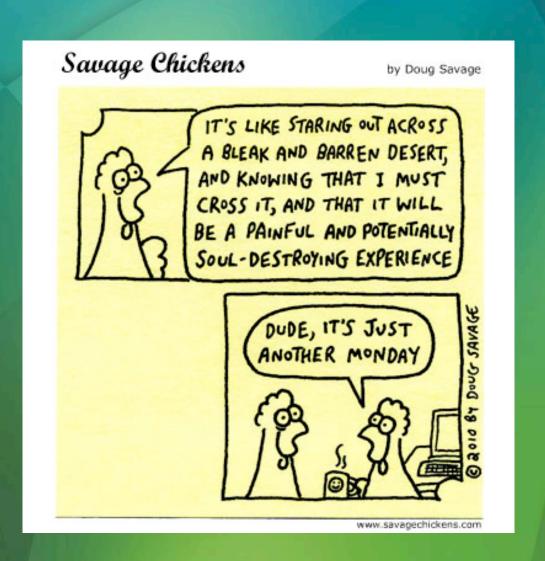
Intervention & Treatment: Spirit & Meaning-Making

- Connection with the numinous
 - Religion
 - Spiritual tradition
 - Ritual
 - Community
 - Nature
 - Existential issues

Remember...

- What is best for me right now?
- Who am I doing this for?
- Right now, I am doing the best I can.
- For today, I feel _______
- Sadness (or fear or sorrow or depression) is here right now.

Remember, It's all about Perception



References

- American Psychiatric Association (2000).
 Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders (4th ed., text rev.). Washington, DC: Author.
- 2. Taken from the ADDRESSING Model of Pam Hayes (2001).
- 3. Leanna Standish, comment in public presentation, Center for Spirituality, Science & Medicine, Bastyr University.
- 4. Savage Chickens cartoon by Doug Savage; retrieved from savagechickens.com